

Governor's Commission for a Drug Free Indiana

A Division of the



Comprehensive Community Plan

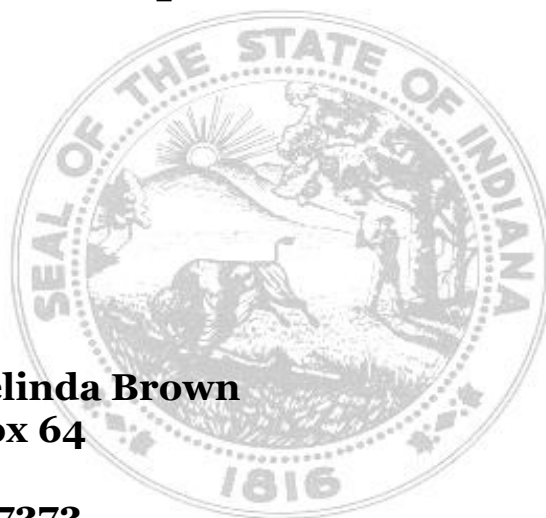
County: Franklin

LCC: Stayin' Alive –Franklin County LCC

Date Due: February 2011

Date Submitted:

New Plan Plan Update X



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Address: 1010 Franklin Avenue
City: Brookville
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Plan Summary

Mission Statement: To promote a Safer and Healthier community by reducing the problematic use of Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drugs in Franklin County.

History: Stayin' Alive is Franklin County's Local Coordinating Council through the Governor's Commission for a Drug-Free Indiana as adopted by the then Governor Evan Bayh in 1990. The Coalition since its inception has continued to grow into multiple sectors being represented at the table. The mission of Stayin' Alive is to promote a safer and healthier community by reducing the problematic use of alcohol, tobacco and other drugs in Franklin County. The Coalition has partnered with the Franklin County Community Foundation to serve as the fiscal agent for the Drug-Free Communities Support Program grant first awarded in 2004.

While the Coalition works on many substance abuse issues throughout the year, the main focus of Stayin' Alive continues to be to reduce the misuse and abuse of Alcohol, Tobacco, and Other Drugs (ATOD) throughout the county. Additional concerns have been to educate the community members of the effects of using ATOD, including the correlation between ATOD use and criminal behavior. The LCC is also working to change the community norm that consuming alcohol is a necessary and normal part of social gatherings and community events. We also are striving to change the community norm that using alcohol is a normal everyday thing to do.

As a way to address underage drinking in the county, Stayin' Alive created a Youth Council, YouthQuake in 2005. The members range from 7-12th grades representing the public and parochial school district. These members are invited to join and serve as the leaders of tomorrow. They are active in training opportunities as well as being the voice to their peers about the dangers of ATOD and unhealthy behaviors. This council meets every two weeks independent of the school system on a volunteer basis.

Coalition members worked on gathering data from all aspects of the community to ensure the supporting data was strong and proved the issues we are focusing on are relevant to Franklin County. After much time was spent gathering and collecting all necessary information, the LCC coordinator compiled the information into the Comprehensive Community Plan with assistance from the Regional Consultant from the Governor's Commission for a Drug-Free Indiana. The plan was then reviewed and approved by the Local Coordinating Council membership base.

Summary of the Comprehensive Community Plan: Each year the members of the LCC work as a team to form a plan of action in reducing misuse and abuse of ATOD for the upcoming year. We focus our plan on the needs of the community related to reducing substance abuse in Franklin County. This Comprehensive Community Plan will serve as Franklin County's plan for the next year with 3 yearly updates being submitted to show our accomplishments and areas of focus for the upcoming year.

This plan is the document that serves as the guide for the LCC for the next several years when distributing grants and funds to county agencies and organizations assisting in our endeavors. The county commissioners will continue to have final signature authority in the recommendations made by the coalition when County Drug-Free Communities Fund dollars are being spent. The LCC will then monitor the progress of each funded program through quarterly written and verbal reports given at the monthly meetings that are held the fourth Thursday of each month.

These are the four identified problems statements in Franklin County:

- 1.) Community norms support casual, accepting and enabling attitudes toward misuse of alcohol.
- 2.) Substance misuse and abuse by visitors to the community continues to have a negative impact on the quality of life in Franklin County.
- 3.) There continues to be a lack of treatment options and awareness of treatment availability and effectiveness in the community.
- 4.) There continues to be illegal drug use indicators in the community.

Membership List

County LCC Name:

#	Name	Organization	Race	Gender	Category
1	Blades, Bonnie	Union County Council on Aging	Caucasian	Female	Medical
2	Blades, Mark	Parent/Citizen	Caucasian	Male	Concerned Citizen
3	Logan, Beth	Community Partners	Caucasian	Female	Prevention
4	Wuestefeld, Tim	Indiana State Police	Caucasian	Male	Law Enforcement
5	Brack, Bob	Parent/Citizen	Caucasian	Male	Concerned Citizen
6	Blessing, Cindy	Batesville Community School Corporation	Caucasian	Female	Education
7	Brown, Andrew	YouthQuake	Caucasian	Male	Youth
8	Brown, Melinda	Stayin' Alive – Franklin Co. LCC	Caucasian	Female	Prevention
9	Campbell, Brian	Franklin County Probation Dept.	Caucasian	Male	Justice
10	Clark, Lois	Franklin Co. Chamber of Commerce	Caucasian	Female	Business
11	Deters, Tom	Whitewater Valley Care Pavilion	Caucasian	Male	Treatment
12	Estridge, John	Whitewater Publications	Caucasian	Male	Media
13	Edwards, Lynn	Tobacco Coalition	Caucasian	Female	Education
14	Harmon, Laura	Community Mental Health Center	Caucasian	Female	Treatment
15	Edwards, Mitchell	YouthQuake	Caucasian	Male	Youth
16	Lewis, Kim	Community Mental Health Center	Caucasian	Female	Treatment
17	Konradi, Brenda	Systems of Care	Caucasian	Female	Treatment
18	Brown, Nicholas	YouthQuake	Caucasian	Male	Youth
19	Hunt, Tali	YouthQuake	Caucasian	Female	Youth
20	Linkel, Kim	ICJI	Caucasian	Female	Government
21	Murphy, Ken	Franklin County	Caucasian	Male	Law

		Sheriff			Enforcement
22	Blake, Abigail	YouthQuake	Caucasian	Female	Youth
23	Murray, Holly	Purdue Extension	Caucasian	Female	Prevention
24	Lovins, Jason	Franklin County Sheriff's Department	Caucasian	Male	Law Enforcement
25	Neeley, Autumn	YouthQuake	Caucasian	Female	Youth
26	Anderson, Gary	Franklin County Ministerial Association	Caucasian	Male	Faith
27	Yorn, Jane	Safe Passage	Caucasian	Female	Treatment
28		YouthQuake	Caucasian	Female	Youth
29	Maxie, Hollie	Franklin County Council	Caucasian	Female	Government
30	Schaefer, Debbie	Brookville Elementary School	Caucasian	Female	Education
31	Dr. Brewer, Robert	Franklin County School Corporation	Caucasian	Male	Education
32	Taul, Jerry	Batesville Police Department	Caucasian	Male	Law Enforcement
33	Foster, Beth	Franklin County High School	Caucasian	Female	Education
34	Craig, Janet	SIEOC	Caucasian	Female	Prevention
35	Bender, Rick	Brookville Theatre	Caucasian	Male	Business
36	Gault, Melody	Franklin County Public Library	Caucasian	Female	Prevention
37	Taylor, Brenda	Head Start	Caucasian	Female	Education
38	Murray, Wyatt	YouthQuake	Caucasian	Male	Youth
39	Turner, Shelby	YouthQuake	Caucasian	Female	Youth
40	Linkel, Jake	FCN Bank	Caucasian	Male	Business
41	Mallery, John	Community Mental Health Center	Caucasian	Male	Treatment
42	Stivers, Rene	Brookville Town Council	Caucasian	Male	Business
43	Dr. Fain, Michael	Indian Creek Family Health Center	Caucasian	Male	Medical
44	Goodpastor, Paula	SIEOC	Caucasian	Female	Prevention
45	Nobbe, Hunter	YouthQuake	Caucasian	Male	Youth
46	Riffle, Angie	Purdue Extension	Caucasian	Female	Prevention

47	Dr. Roberts, Jim	Batesville Community School Corporation	Caucasian	Male	Education
48	Lustig, Erica	WIC	Caucasian	Female	Prevention
49	Van Winkle, Amanda	Franklin County Public Library	Caucasian	Female	Prevention
50	Dausch, Marie	New Horizons	Caucasian	Female	Prevention
51	Watts, Missy	Independent Living Services	Caucasian	Female	Prevention
52	Simmermeyer, Drew	YouthQuake	Caucasian	Male	Youth
53	Murrell, Blake	YouthQuake	Caucasian	Male	Youth
54	Duritch, Jacob	YouthQuake	Caucasian	Male	Youth
55	Hardin, Gabrielle	YouthQuake	Caucasian	Female	Youth

Problem Identification

A. Problem Statement #1: Community norms support casual, accepting and enabling attitudes toward misuse of alcohol.

B. Supportive Data:

1. According to Coalition members, as of 2009, 9 of the 12 annual community festivals within the county serve alcohol.
2. According to the 2009 Local Epidemiological Profile, parents reported that they had not yet spoken to their young teenagers about alcohol citing that they felt their children were too young. Although, the data suggests that drinking often starts prior to the teen years.
3. According to the 2009 Local Epidemiological Profile, adults did not seem to be aware of any serious health risks related to alcohol, other than the ancillary risk of injury from driving while intoxicated. The percentage who thinks alcohol is a health problem is only 68% according to the service providers' survey.
4. According to the Indiana Prevention Resource Center, 2007-2008 Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drugs Survey in Franklin and Ripley Counties, the perception of parental disapproval was highest in 11th grade at 49% and 12th grade at 37%.
5. According to the 2009 Local Epidemiological Profile, 70.8% say it is permissible for 18-20 year olds to drink (strongly agree or somewhat agree).
6. In 2008 Franklin County had a 33.3% non-compliant rate for alcohol compliance checks. In 2009 there were no alcohol compliance checks conducted in Franklin County.
7. In 2009, 139 of the 214 attendees of the adult Choices basic alcohol and drug education class were for an alcohol related arrest.
8. As reported by Indiana State Excise Police, in 2009, there were 55 alcoholic beverage permit/businesses being utilized in Franklin County. There are over 200 residents in Franklin County that have been issued employee permits that allow them to work in licensed retail establishments dealing in alcoholic beverages.
9. In 2008, Freudenfest in Oldenburg enlarged their beer garden for the consumer to go anywhere in the city block with alcohol.
10. There is a fenced in beer garden at the Cedar Grove's Firemen's Festival to show identification to purchase beer. However, the consumer is not confined to the beer garden. The consumer can go anywhere with the beer within the festival's parameters including the children's game area.
11. In 2009, 3 houses in Cedar Grove gave away alcohol during Trick-or-Treat on Halloween.
12. Alcohol is a major fund raiser for many area church festivals.
13. As a promotion of Main Street Night, local merchants offer Free Wine and/or Beer Tastings every 3rd Friday night of the month.

End of Year 1 Update:

1. According to Coalition members, as of 2010, 9 of the 12 annual community festivals within the county serve alcohol.

2. According to the 2009 Local Epidemiological Profile, parents reported that they had not yet spoken to their young teenagers about alcohol citing that they felt their children were too young. Although, the data suggests that drinking often starts prior to the teen years. This data was part of a bi-county spf-sig grant and cannot be updated.
3. According to the 2009 Local Epidemiological Profile, adults did not seem to be aware of any serious health risks related to alcohol, other than the ancillary risk of injury from driving while intoxicated. The percentage who thinks alcohol is a health problem is only 68% according to the service providers' survey. This data was part of a bi-county spf-sig grant and cannot be updated.
4. According to the Indiana Prevention Resource Center, 2007-2008 Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drugs Survey in Franklin and Ripley Counties, the perception of parental disapproval was highest in 11th grade at 49% and 12th grade at 37%. This data was part of a bi-county spf-sig grant and cannot be updated.
5. According to the 2009 Local Epidemiological Profile, 70.8% say it is permissible for 18-20 year olds to drink (strongly agree or somewhat agree). This data was part of a bi-county spf-sig grant and cannot be updated.
6. In 2010 Franklin County had a 26.5% non-complaint rate for alcohol compliance checks. Total of 36 checks were conducted, 2 were no longer selling alcoholic beverages, 25 passed, and 9 failed. Percentage figured on 9 failures out of 34 actual checks.
7. In 2010, 122 of the 196 attendees of the adult Choices basic alcohol and drug education class were for an alcohol related arrest.
8. As reported by Indiana State Excise Police, in 2010, there were 59 alcoholic beverage permit/businesses being utilized in Franklin County. There are over 400 residents in Franklin County that have been issued employee permits that allow them to work in licensed retail establishments dealing in alcoholic beverages. There are 376 Employee Permits addressed to various cities/towns in the County, not counting any with a Batesville address - Batesville shows 369 permits. Note: Grocery store (Convenience Store) and Drug store clerks are not required to hold an Employee Permit. As reported by the Indiana State Excise Police, 30 people attended the Alcohol Server Permit Holders training conducted by SafeServe of Indiana.
9. In 2008, Freudenfest in Oldenburg enlarged their beer garden for the consumer to go anywhere in the city block with alcohol. This information has not changed.
10. There is a fenced in beer garden at the Cedar Grove's Firemen's Festival to show identification to purchase beer. However, the consumer is not confined to the beer garden. The consumer can go anywhere with the beer within the festival's parameters including the children's game area. This information remains the same.
11. In 2010, 2 houses in Cedar Grove gave away alcohol during Trick-or-Treat on Halloween.
12. Alcohol continues to be a major fund raiser for many area church festivals.
13. As a promotion of Main Street Night, some local merchants offer Free Wine and/or Beer Tastings on several of the 3rd Friday night events of the month.

End of Year 2 Update:

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Final Update (end of Year 3):

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C. Goals:

1. **Provide community education on the use and misuse of alcohol to at least 25% of Franklin County residents by 2013. This goal will be measured through the number of students receiving prevention programs offered in Franklin County; the number of contacts with the community through the media; the number of contacts through the Coalitions' social marketing campaign; and the number of people attending the Coalition sponsored events and activities.**

End of Year 1 Annual Benchmarks:

1. In 2010, the Coalition was mentioned in over 46 articles, features and advertisements in the weekly newspaper which has a distribution of 6,300; featured seven times in the Explorer with a distribution of over 18,000; mentioned 10 times in the online newspaper with a distribution of 250; mentioned 4 times in the online listserv with approximately 250 distribution; listed twice in the church bulletin of 1,000; once in the Connersville newspaper with a distribution of 5,700; once in the Batesville newspaper with a distribution of 7,500; distributed over 3,000 flyers of upcoming events and had 150 visits to the LCC website from August through December. The LCC and the youth council both created Facebook pages. Over 120,000 potential listeners were exposed to the 44 advertising commercials, as well as a live commercial. The Coalition was also listed in the Brookville/Franklin County Chamber of Commerce Directory of 3,000 copies. Over 10 million viewed the outdoor billboards promoting the social marketing campaign. Approximately 4,200 students and youth received education through LCC supported programs including DIRECTIONS!, archery, CHOICES, and YouthQuake. Over 3,800 people attended Coalition sponsored events and activities in 2010 including the Prescription Drug Take Back Day, Family Fun Day, Red Ribbon Week, Above the Influence, Coalition Celebration/Town Hall Meeting, Kick Butts Day, Smoke Free Day at the Fair, National Night Out and Parents Who Host, Lose the Most.

End of Year 2 Annual Benchmarks:

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Final Report (end of Year 3):

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D. Objectives:

1. Promote alcohol-free activities in conjunction with community organizations.
2. Monitor and ensure beverage permit holders and employees to undergo responsible alcohol server training before receiving and/or renewing licenses.
3. Educate parents and youth on alcohol risk, availability and prevention.
4. Provide alcohol education to those inmates in the Franklin County Security Center.
5. Support the development and implementation of evidence-supported interventions in Franklin County.
6. Continue social marketing campaign promoting healthy norms around alcohol use.
7. Implement Parents Who Host, Lose the Most campaign.
8. Encourage Server Intervention training for all community festival volunteers.
9. Support and monitor alcohol compliance checks.
10. Recognize compliant alcohol retailers.
11. Continue to support YouthQuake in their efforts to implement strategies addressing underage drinking.
12. Coordinate efforts to raise awareness of the collateral damage alcohol plays in the occurrences of social problems.
13. Continue funding of law enforcement efforts to reduce the occurrences of alcohol misuse.
14. Facilitate community dialogue to educate the citizens on responsible use versus misuse of alcohol.
15. Continue to encourage and support the school systems to administer student alcohol and drug use survey.

End of Year 1 Update:

1. This was accomplished through booth participation at Stayin' Alive's Annual Family Fun Day, Fun & Friendly Halloween, National Night Out, Dash-4-Cash, Health Fair, Franklin County 4-H Fair, and by providing funding to the Choices program to host alternative activities.
2. Due to the change in Indiana State Law effective July 2010, all license permittees are mandated to attend alcohol beverage server training.
3. Educate parents and youth on substance abuse prevention through Parents Who Host, Lose the Most; the Health Fair; the Summer Billboard Campaign "Don't Drown Your Dreams"; the Town Hall Meeting on Underage Drinking during the Coalition Celebration, and the Lifestyle Risk Reduction Training.
4. In 2010, no progress was made on providing education to inmates; however, the Coalition is working towards that goal in 2011.

5. The LCC continues to support the continued growth and development of Systems of Care that provides an evidence-based curriculum of care to those children and families with mental health diagnoses.
6. Continue social marketing campaign promoting healthy norms around alcohol use through the youth designed and developed billboards illustrating the ramifications if unhealthy norms around alcohol use are practiced.
7. Parents Who Host, Lose the Most was implemented through the partnership with the Franklin County High School Student Council. This partnership led to the message being delivered through banners at the schools , on the Courthouse banister, and in front of the Sheriff's Office. The message was also seen at the library through table tents, posters and flyers. Cards and stickers were placed on flower and corsage orders as well as in lapels of rental tuxedos. At graduation the message was delivered via water bottles.
8. Initial discussion with CanoeFest Committee has begun to encourage all beer garden volunteers to attend the beverage server training. This is the first of many of the seasonal festivals and will determine future conversations based on success.
9. Requested and secured the information from Indiana State Excise Police to track the compliance rates.
10. To date, a list of compliant alcohol retailers has not been provided to allow the Coalition to recognize those in compliance.
11. YouthQuake sponsored a behavior changing, positive thinking motivational speaker who presented to the middle school students, held a fundraiser at the high school basketball game, created and designed the summer billboard campaign, working on a strategy to implement an underage drinking tipline, implementing Above the Influence campaign, attended the Search Institute Conference in Houston, Texas, and are developing their leadership skills to eventually host a youth summit.
12. Working with recovery advocates identifying strategies to raise awareness of how alcohol plays a role in social problems.
13. The LCC funded the Batesville Police Department for an in-car video camera to enhance their enforcement efforts and the Franklin County Sheriff's Office for overtime patrol.
14. The LCC secured a grant from the ASAP Center in Cincinnati, Ohio to educate the community members on this specific topic. Also, the community has taken notice of responsible use by providing public transportation after-hours to both the Cedar Grove Firemen's Festival and the Main Street Friday Night events.
15. Both Batesville and Franklin County Schools are scheduled to take the Indiana Prevention Resource Center student drug use survey in the spring of 2011.

End of Year 2 Update:

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Final Update (end of Year 3):

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A. Problem Statement #2: Substance misuse and abuse by visitors to the community continues to have a negative impact on the quality of life in Franklin County.

B. Supportive Data:

1. In 2009 there were a total of 214 attendees in the adult Choices program. Of those 214 attendees, 69% were out of county residents; 32% were pretrial diversion; 58% were court ordered; 39% had prior alcohol and/or drug arrests; and the number of arrests decreased with age as reported by the Choices Coordinator.
2. In 2009, 32% of all admissions to the Franklin County Security Center were during the tourism season (June 1, 2009 - September 1, 2009) as reported by the Franklin County Sheriff's Office.
3. Occurrence of arrests increased by 69% during tourism season (May 1, 2009 – September 30, 2009) and decreased by 40% after tourism season as reported by the Franklin County Sheriff's Office.
4. According to the Franklin County/Brookville Chamber of Commerce, Franklin County is home to over 2 million tourists per year.
5. The Army Corp of Engineers estimate 1.5 million visit the lake property per year.

End of Year 1 Update:

1. In 2010 there were a total of 196 attendees in the adult Choices program. Of those 196 attendees, 35% were local residents and 65% were out of county residents; 16% were pretrial diversion; 84% were probation ordered; 43% had prior alcohol and/or drug arrests; 66% were alcohol related; 34% were other drug (almost all marijuana) and the number of arrests decreased with age as reported by the Choices Coordinator.
2. In 2010, 31% of all admissions to the Franklin County Security Center were during the tourism season (June 1, 2010 - September 1, 2010) as reported by the Franklin County Sheriff's Office.
3. Occurrence of arrests increased by 85% during tourism season (May 1, 2010 – September 30, 2010) and decreased by 38% after tourism season as reported by the Franklin County Sheriff's Office.
4. According to the Brookville/Franklin County Chamber of Commerce, 1.2 million people come through town annually.
5. The Army Corp of Engineers estimate 1.9 million visit the lake property per year.

End of Year 2 Update:

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Final Update (end of Year 3):

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C. Goals:

1. Reduce arrest rates during prime tourism season by 5% by 2013.

End of Year 1 Annual Benchmarks:

1. Actually the arrest rates during tourism season increased by 16% in 2010. This increase can be attributed to additional enforcement on the waterways during peak times.

End of Year 2 Annual Benchmarks:

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Final Report (end of Year 3):

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D. Objectives:

1. Continue Social Marketing Campaign targeting tourism and underage drinking and other types of substance abuse through community partnerships.
2. Continue to collaborate with law enforcement agencies to address enforcement and social problems in the community.
3. Provide funding and support to law enforcement agencies to further their efforts in enforcement.
4. Facilitate informational sessions to build collaborative efforts within the community to address substance abuse and related problems by visitors.
5. Coordinate efforts within the community to promote responsible recreational activities.
6. Support substance abuse prevention and education programs targeting visitors to the community.

End of Year 1 Update:

1. The LCC expanded the social marketing campaign to include prescription drug abuse. Billboards targeting underage drinking and prescription drug abuse were both used. Advertisements were published in the Gad-A-Bout and the Whitewater Explorer. The Coalition Celebration Keynote Speaker addressed underage drinking by giving specific information of one parent furnishing the alcohol to the underage drinkers. Law Enforcement and the legal ramifications were also discussed during the presentation.

2. The Franklin County Drug Task Force continues to meet and keep the LCC apprised of substance abuse problems in the community. The Drug Task Force also took an active part in the National Night Out collaboration, and the Prescription Drug Take Back program. The LCC has regular attendance at their meetings by the Franklin County Sheriff's Office, Batesville Police Department, and the Indiana State Excise Police, who along with an Indiana State Police Detective sit on the Grant Committee.
3. The LCC provided funding to the Batesville Police Department for an in-car vide camera to enhance their enforcement efforts and to the Franklin County Sheriff's Office for overtime patrol both on land and on the waterways.
4. The Coalition Celebration served as a Town Hall Meeting on Underage Drinking to engage all sectors of the community in the efforts to address substance abuse. The LCC has continued their partnership with the Department of Natural Resources to brief the canoe liveries on safety on the river.
5. The LCC awarded a grant to the Franklin County Sheriff's Office to patrol the lake and canoe liveries to coordinate being safe and responsible while on the waterways. The LCC also provided floating keychains with a safe and sober message for positive enforcement.
6. The LCC continues to provide the Choices program to out of county residents who are arrested and/or cited for substance abuse offenses. The LCC has installed permanent billboards strategically placed in the county welcoming visitors and reminding them to be safe and sober while enjoying Franklin County with a sandwiched message on the back, thanking them for being safe and sober.

End of Year 2 Update:

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Final Update (end of Year 3):

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A. Problem Statement #3: There continues to be a lack of treatment options and awareness of treatment availability and effectiveness in the community.

B. Supportive Data:

1. In 2009, approximately 40 Franklin County residents received treatment at New Vision in Lawrenceburg, Indiana.
2. In 2009, approximately 10 Franklin County residents received treatment at the Hope House in Richmond, Indiana.
3. Currently there are zero parent support groups in Franklin County. One Community One Family is working on establishing a parent support group in Franklin County.
4. One Community One Family is planning to bring a peer to peer youth advocacy group to Franklin County.
5. One Community One Family is expected to increase the number of resource facilitators in Franklin County.
6. According to the Community Mental Health Center, because there continues to be limited substance abuse curriculum within the local school systems, they are willing to strategize and plan with the Coalition for future programming for health education curriculum, if there is interest by shown by all parties.
7. In 2009, 31 clients were served in Franklin County through Intensive Youth Services provided by Community Mental Health Center.
8. In 2009, a therapist who does drug and alcohol assessments and individual, outpatient counseling with privileges to work with clients with substance abuse clients was hired at the Brookville office in the outpatient department. There are not currently groups going on in adult outpatient, but there were groups conducted in 2009, early in the year (prior to April).
9. The current number of indicators for treatment and recovery services being offered in Franklin County is 6 including One Community, One Family; School-Based Services; Individual and Group Outpatient; Alcoholics Anonymous; and New Vision.
10. According to the 2009 State Epidemiological Profile, the number of treatment episodes with polysubstance abuse in Franklin County is 38 for 2 substances and 18 for 3 or more substances.

End of Year 1 Update:

1. In 2009, the actual number of Franklin County residents that received treatment at New Vision in Lawrenceburg, Indiana was 11 and in 2010, that number was 24.
2. In 2010, approximately 10 Franklin County male residents received treatment at the Hope House in Richmond, Indiana.
3. Through One Community One Family and United Families one on one peer support was provided to 17 Franklin County families in 2010.
4. Through One Community One Family and FIRE, eight Franklin County youth received peer support in 2010.
5. One Community One Family increased the number of Resource Facilitator staff providing Wraparound to 3 staff based in Brookville. These staff continue to provide Wraparound with high fidelity to the model.
6. According to the Community Mental Health Center, because there continues to be limited substance abuse curriculum within the local school systems, they are willing

to strategize and plan with the Coalition for future programming for health education curriculum, if there is interest by shown by all parties. At this time, no progress by any of the parties has been initiated.

7. In 2010, 45 clients were served in Franklin County through Intensive Youth Services provided by Community Mental Health Center.
8. Unfortunately, in 2010, the availability of services for persons with substance use disorders continues to be limited to substance abuse assessment and treatment on an individual counseling basis only.
9. The current number of indicators for treatment and recovery services being offered in Franklin County is 6 including One Community, One Family; School-Based Services; Individual and Group Outpatient; Alcoholics Anonymous; and New Vision. However, One Community, One Family provides 3 services within their 1 entity.
10. The 2010 State Epidemiological Profile has not been released as of current date.

End of Year 2 Update:

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Final Update (end of Year 3):

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C. Goals:

1. Educate at least 3 agencies on available treatment options and resources by 2010.
2. Increase awareness of treatment options throughout the community by printing available resources at least quarterly in a local media outlet.

End of Year 1 Annual Benchmarks:

1. The LCC held a Recovery Gathering with the local Alcoholic Anonymous and then a member of the AA attended the monthly LCC meeting and presented education on recovery. One Community One Family has provided Parent Gatherings in Franklin County through United Families. All of the members at the LCC meeting have been educated on the Indiana Tobacco Quitline.
2. There is a link to the Alcoholics Anonymous on the LCC website page with a list of all of the AA meetings in Indiana. The AA meetings have been printed in the local newspaper as well as listed in the online newspaper in March and April. Ads for the Indiana

Quitline have been featured in the local newspaper for Relay for Life and the Great American Smoke Out in June and November respectfully. During National Recovery Month in September, a press release in the local newspaper ran with information for treatment options.

End of Year 2 Annual Benchmarks:

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Final Report (end of Year 3):

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D. Objectives:

1. Continue to collaborate and partner with treatment providers.
2. Provide education to those inmates in the local jail about substance abuse and treatment options.
3. Support the existing and effective self-help programs.
4. Raise awareness of the impact of substance abuse in family, occupation, public safety, and general quality of life arenas.
5. Continue funding and supporting law enforcement efforts to reduce the collateral damage and pervasive effects of substance abuse.
6. Develop strategies to support treatment and recovery in the community.
7. Continue to support early identification and intervention efforts.
8. Coordinate efforts with public transit to provide transportation for treatment opportunities.
9. Continue efforts to support treatment recovery efforts with the judicial system.
10. Promote services and support to co-dependents.

End of Year 1 Update:

1. The LCC provides continued funding to Systems of Care and Intensive Youth Services for Community Mental Health Center. Partnering with AA continues as education is provided both ways through the Recovery Gathering at the AA meeting and through the presentation that was given during the LCC meeting. The LCC continues to educate the general population about the treatment options available through the Indiana Quitline.
2. Due to the administration in the Sheriff's Office in 2010, substance abuse education to inmates was not provided. However, with the new administration, the LCC expects education to happen in the jail with the inmates. In fact, the first AA meeting for the inmates was held on February 23, 2011.
3. The LCC continues to support the local AA chapter and the Indiana Quitline through advertising their meetings via social media outlets and actively taking part in their efforts.

4. The LCC promoted CASA Family Day reminding parents of the importance to have dinner together with your children; National Recovery Month was promoted via press releases raising awareness of recovery; the Indiana Quitline is promoted to raise the awareness of all of the health hazards of smoking and provide support to quit; the Prescription Drug Take Back Program was implemented to raise awareness and public safety issue of prescription drug abuse; the Health Fair was used as an avenue to educate the older population on their role in keeping their medications locked and secured; the youth council brought Above the Influence to the middle school to create positive messaging via a poster contest; and through the LCC co-sponsored event with Indiana Youth Institute and Purdue Extension, law enforcement was the featured guest speaker at the Youth Worker Café on why prescription drug abuse is a problem in our communities.
5. The LCC provided funding to the Sheriff's Office for increased and targeted patrol as well as to the Batesville Police Department for an in-car video camera to enhance their enforcement efforts. The LCC supports the Franklin County Drug Task Force by serving as the umbrella agency and continuing to work with them in any capacity that is mutually beneficial to both organizations as well as the public at large. The LCC welcomed the partnership with the Fraternal Order of Police on National Night Out and the Prescription Drug Take Back Program to build community support and awareness of current drug trends.
6. The LCC worked on implementing a more aggressive campaign during National Recovery Month and will expand on those efforts; the collaboration with the AA has been a successful strategy to lend support for recovery; and United Families through their Parent Gatherings have had speakers in recovery give presentations about the process.
7. The LCC has provided funding to Intensive Youth Services to work with groups to support early intervention; Systems of Care to support the emotional and behavioral challenged youth and families; and the Choices program clinical assessment to identify substance abuse problems early in judicial system referred individuals.
8. The LCC has made initial contact with public transit to build relationships and rapport to eventually provide transportation to treatment facilities. This relationship began when the LCC partnered with public transit on Family Fun Day for the first time ever to provide free transportation at this event. The continued relationship building will lead to recovery.
9. The Choices program continues to receive referrals from both the Courts and the Prosecutor's Office.
10. In August, United Families began providing a support/educational group for parents/family members of children with emotional or behavioral challenges in Brookville on a monthly basis. Topics have included prescription drug abuse and domestic violence. FIRE (Finding Improvement by Reaching Empowerment), an emotional wellness youth advocacy program, began providing one-on-one peer support. There have also been discussions about strengthening Alcoholics Anonymous to support Al-Anon.

End of Year 2 Update:

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Final Update (end of Year 3):

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A. Problem Statement #4: There continues to be illegal drug use indicators in the community.

B. Supportive Data:

1. According to INSPECT report from 2008, Franklin County ranked #7 in the State of Indiana for the total number of oxycodone prescriptions dispensed.
2. During the 2008-2009 school year, Franklin County High School expelled 10 students for substance abuse.
3. According to the Indiana Prevention Resource Center, 2007-2008 Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drugs Survey in Franklin and Ripley Counties, 20.43% of 12th grade students reported using marijuana in the last 30 days.
4. According to the Indiana Prevention Resource Center, 2007-2008 Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drugs Survey in Franklin and Ripley Counties, 12.7% of 12th grade students reported abusing over-the-counter drugs; the state average is 4.3%.
5. According to the Indiana Prevention Resource Center, 2007-2008 Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drugs Survey in Franklin and Ripley Counties, 13.4 was the average age reported for first abusing prescription drugs; the drug of choice was Ritalin.
6. According to the Indiana Prevention Resource Center, 2007-2008 Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drugs Survey in Franklin and Ripley Counties, 6.7% of 12th grade students reported using Amphetamines in the last 30 days; the state average is 2.6%.
7. According to the Franklin County Probation Department, in 2009, 54.4% of the administered drug screens failed for some type of substance.
8. According to the Franklin County Coroner there were 3 deaths involved in overdose in 2009.
9. According to the February 24, 2010 edition of the Whitewater Publications there have been 2 armed robberies in the Town of Brookville by individuals supporting their heroin habit.
10. According to the February 24, 2010 edition of the Whitewater Publications there was another methamphetamine lab arrests made within the Town of Brookville.
11. The Franklin County Drug Task Force meets on a monthly basis to continue to monitor and communicate with other law enforcement officers the most recent trend in illegal drug use.
12. In 2009 the Franklin County Sheriff's Office made 58 Possession of Controlled Substance arrests and 5 Possession of Legend Drug arrests.

End of Year 1 Update:

1. There has not been a 2009 INSPECT report released to indicate where Franklin County ranks in the State of Indiana for the total number of oxycodone prescriptions dispensed
2. During the 2009-2010 school year, Franklin County High School expelled 13 students for drugs, weapons, or alcohol.
3. According to the 2010 Indiana Prevention Resource Center Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drugs Survey taken at Batesville Community School Corporation, 26.7% of 12th grade students reported using marijuana in the last 30 days; state average is 19.2%.
4. According to the 2010 Indiana Prevention Resource Center Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drugs Survey taken at Batesville Community School Corporation, 3.3% of 12th grade

students reported using over-the-counter drugs in the last 30 days; the state average is 3.2%.

5. According to the 2010 Indiana Prevention Resource Center Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drugs Survey taken at Batesville Community School Corporation, 14.4 was the average age reported for first use of prescription drugs.
6. According to the 2010 Indiana Prevention Resource Center Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drugs Survey taken at Batesville Community School Corporation, 4.2% of 12th grade students reported using Amphetamines in the last 30 days; the state average is 3.8%.
7. According to the Franklin County Probation Department, in 2010, 45% of the administered drug screens failed for some type of substance. However, the number of administered drug screens was down compared to other more recent years and the ones administered in 2010 were those of high risk based on conviction and/or probability of continued use.
8. According to the Franklin County Coroner there were zero (0) deaths involved in overdose in 2010.
9. According to the February 23, 2011 edition of the Whitewater Publications there were two more arrests made in a February 3, 2011 meth lab bust because children were present in the home.
10. According to the Indiana State Meth Suppression Unit, Franklin County had 7 meth lab busts in 2010.
11. The Franklin County Drug Task Force continues to meet on a monthly basis to continue to monitor and communicate with other law enforcement officers the most recent trend in illegal drug use.
12. In 2010 the Franklin County Sheriff's Office made 45 arrests for Possession of Controlled Substance and zero (0) for Possession of a Legend Drug.

End of Year 2 Update:

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Final Update (end of Year 3):

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C. Goals:

1. **Support at least 1 Pill Drop Day per year.**
2. **Reduce 1 expulsion per year for substance abuse at Franklin County High School.**

End of Year 1 Annual Benchmarks:

1. The LCC participated in the American Medicine Chest Challenge on November 13, 2011 with law enforcement and local business to create a drop site where individuals could properly dispose of their unused, unwanted, and unneeded prescription medications. Over 20 people participated in this first ever event and 32 pounds of meds were collected.
2. The data is not conclusive as to whether this benchmark was met. The data reported in 2008-2009 was for substance abuse. The data reported in 2009-2010 included drugs, alcohol and weapons.

End of Year 2 Annual Benchmarks:

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Final Report (end of Year 3):

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D. Objectives:

1. Continue to support investigations and seizures by state, regional and local law enforcement agencies.
2. Collaborate with local media on a regular basis to list all upcoming drug-free activities.
3. Continue assessment of drug trend indicators.
4. Develop other community-based strategies to address drug trend indicators.
5. Continue supporting educational opportunities for LCC members and staff as well as other community members interested in emerging drug trend issues and related problems.
6. Continue to implement state substance abuse strategies.

End of Year 1 Update:

1. The LCC continues to provide funding to local and county law enforcement agencies to support their investigations. The Drug Task Force that was founded through the LCC is made up of all agencies and help to reduce drug related issues because all agencies are actively involved and willing to share information. One example of this collaboration is the take down of a major drug fencing operation that had been happening in the county for years.
2. The LCC will continue their partnerships with Whitewater Publications, WRBI Radio, Franklin County Observer and the Batesville Herald Tribune.
3. The LCC continues to discuss and look at data on an ongoing basis and when trends are noticed, the LCC strategizes to educate those sectors that are being impacted the most by

the specific drug of choice. The ongoing assessment of drug trends enables the LCC to stay proactive as opposed to only reactive when specific substance abuse issues become prevalent.

- 4. Other strategies to address drug trend indicators include continuing to support via grant the CHOICES program; the LCC’s youth council, YouthQuake; the Batesville Mayor’s Council; hosting a Town Hall Meeting on Underage Drinking; the passing of the ordinance addressing K2 Spice by the Batesville City Council; and the Prescription Drug Take Back Program wherein a lot of awareness has been raised.
- 5. This was accomplished through the attendance at the CADCA Forum and the CADCA Mid-Year; the LCC provided Lifestyle Risk Reduction Training to the community; attendance at the Coalition for a Drug Free Greater Cincinnati Take Back Day Training; law enforcement continuing education hours trainings; received a grant from the ASAP Center to provide trainings for Coalition members, staff and partnering agencies in 2011.
- 6. Indiana Tobacco Prevention Cessation continues to work with the LCC to implement strategies designed from the State; implementation of the Governor’s Commission Take Back Days; the Governor’s Commission provided information to the LCC on K2 Spice; and continued to monitor the direction of alcohol abuse due to being a past spf-sif recipient.

End of Year 2 Update:

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Final Update (end of Year 3):

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Please attach the County's Fiscal Report for review!

Next Annual Update Due: February 2011

Next Comprehensive Community Plan Due: February 2013

Date of Community Consultant Review: March 3, 2011

Disclaimer:

You agree that the information provided within this Plan is subject to the following Terms and Conditions. These Terms and Conditions may be modified at any time and from time to time; the date of the most recent changes or revisions will be established by the Commission and sent electronically to all Local Coordinating Councils.

Terms and Conditions:

The information and data provided is presented as factual and accurate. I hereby acknowledge that I can be asked to submit proper documentation regarding the data submitted within the Plan. Failure to do so could result in a "denied approval" by the Commission under IC 5-2-6-16.

The Local Drug Free Communities Fund must be spent according to the goals identified within the plan. I hereby acknowledge that I can be asked to submit proper documentation regarding funds that are collected, allocated, and disbursed within the county. Failure to do so could result in a "denied approval" by the Commission under IC 5-2-6-16.

Initials: mkb

Franklin County

LOCAL DRUG FREE COMMUNITIES FUND INFORMATION

(1) Amount deposited into the drug-free communities fund during the most recent, complete calendar year, per the County Auditor:

- The Franklin County Auditor’s office deposited **\$51,379.55** into the LCC’s Drug-Free Community Fund from fees collected last calendar year, 2009.
- **\$36,952.94** rolled over from unused funds from the previous years.
- **\$88,332.49** total amount available for programs and administrative costs for the upcoming calendar year.
- **\$15,000.00** approved for administrative costs leaving **\$73,332.49** available for the upcoming year for programming. (Franklin County LCC set their annual operating budget at \$60,000.00 in 2010).

(2) Funding approval by category, including a brief description of the purpose of the grant funding:

APPLICANT/PROJECT & PROGRAM DESCRIPTION	AMOUNT REQUESTED	AMOUNT GRANTED
Prevention/Education		
Batesville Community School Corporation: Program that addresses adolescent alcohol abuse in grades 6-12	\$3,500.00	\$3,500.00
NASP (National Archery in the Schools Program): Program that provides alternative activity to students in grades 4-12	\$5,400.00	\$5,400.00
Franklin County High School After Prom: Gives the students a fun, safe and sober alternative for an After Prom activity	\$4,150.00	\$4,150.00
United Families and FIRE: Provides support to families and children with emotional or behavioral issues	\$5,500.00	\$1,000.00
TOTAL(S)	\$18,550.00	\$14,050.00
Treatment/Intervention		
Community Mental Health Center/Intensive Youth Services: Intensive and Comprehensive Mental Health	\$1,000.00	\$1,000.00

Services to youth		
United Families and FIRE: Provides support to families and children with emotional or behavioral issues	\$5,500.00	\$2,750.00
TOTAL(S)	\$6,500.00	\$3,750.00
Criminal Justice Services	AMOUNT REQUESTED	AMOUNT GRANTED
Franklin County Sheriff's Office/F.C.S.O. Driving While Intoxicated Patrol: Increased Targeted Patrols	\$8,000.00	\$8,000.00
Batesville Police Department: Police In-Car Video Camera System	\$5,000.00	\$5,000.00
TOTAL(S)	\$13,000.00	\$13,000.00

(3) Total amount of dollars approved (including previous annual deposit and all unused/rolled over dollars) and dollars awarded (percentages included):

CATEGORY	Percentage of Dollars Approved	Dollars Approved	Percentage of Dollars Awarded	Dollars Awarded
Prevention/Education	25%	\$15,000.00	30.7%	\$14,050.00
Treatment/Intervention	25%	\$15,000.00	8.2%	\$3,750.00
Criminal Justice Services	25%	\$15,000.00	27.4%	\$13,000.00
Administrative	25%	\$15,000.00	32.7%	\$15,000.00
TOTAL(S)	100%	\$60,000.00	100%	\$45,800.00

(4) Describe the grant process and requirements for the grantees:

The availability of grants in the areas of prevention and education, law enforcement and treatment are announced in January at the LCC’s monthly meeting, on their website and through publication in the local newspaper. Grants are then due in March of that year.

The LCC recruits grant review committee members and that slate is presented to the LCC for their voting acceptance. This grant committee has grown from five to eight members, including representatives from county council, faith community, business community, school, parent/community member, law enforcement, prevention, and treatment.

Each grant applicant is required to appear before the grant committee and give a five minute presentation on their proposal and respond to any questions the committee may have for them. The committee then makes recommendations to the LCC membership for their voting acceptance. The new grantees are then notified by mail of their award. Enclosed with that letter is their “Grant Agreement” that requires them to attend fifty percent of the LCC meetings, serve on one committee per year, and make oral and written quarterly reports to the LCC. That

agreement must be signed and returned to the LCC. Claims are submitted to the Franklin County Auditor’s Office for payments of these grants. These checks are then distributed at the LCC’s annual Coalition Celebration. In 2010 the LCC awarded \$30,800.00 in the form of grant monies to local treatment providers, law enforcement personnel and prevention youth serving organizations.

(5) Provide administrative expenses (be specific):

EXPENSE	COST
Sustainability	\$15,000.00
TOTAL(S)	\$15,000.00

(6) Provide summary explanation of amount of any unused dollars from previous years:

The Franklin County LCC has received the Federal Drug Free Community Support Grant for the past 6 years and is able to use these funds to sustain the administrative portion of the coalition. This allows funds to be retained and not fully spent in the Local Drug Free Community Fund.

(7) Additional Comments:

Please note that 25% was not met in the treatment/intervention category. The reason for this is that the funds were not requested through the grant applications.